

РУСЕНСКИ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ "АНГЕЛ КЪНЧЕВ"  
ФАКУЛТЕТ *ПРИРОДНИ НАУКИ И ОБРАЗОВАНИЕ*  
КАТЕДРА *МАТЕМАТИКА*

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ЗАДАЧИ  
по  
МАТЕМАТИЧЕН АНАЛИЗ II  
за специалност  
Компютърни науки

Русе  
2015

1. Да се пресметнат неопределените интеграли:

- 1.1.  $\int (3x^4 - 8x^3 + 5x^2 - 6x - 7) dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{3x^5}{5} - 2x^4 + \frac{5x^3}{3} - 3x^2 - 7x + C.$
- 1.2.  $\int (x + 1)(2x^2 - 3x + 3) dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{x^4}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} + 3x + C.$
- 1.3.  $\int \left( \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{2}{x^3} \right) dx.$  Отг.  $\ln|x| - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} + C.$
- 1.4.  $\int \left( x^2 + \frac{3x}{5} + \frac{6}{x} - \frac{3}{x^4} \right) dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{3x^2}{10} + 6 \ln|x| + \frac{1}{x^3} + C.$
- 1.5.  $\int \left( 2\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[3]{x^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{x^5}} \right) dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{4\sqrt{x^3}}{3} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x^5}}{10} - \frac{4}{\sqrt[4]{x}} + C.$
- 1.6.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{x} - 2\sqrt[3]{x^2} + 1}{\sqrt[4]{x}} dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{4}{3}x^{\frac{3}{4}} + \frac{4}{5}x^{\frac{5}{4}} - \frac{24}{17}x^{\frac{17}{12}} + C.$
- 1.7.  $\int \frac{3x^4 + 3x^2e^x + x}{x^2} dx.$  Отг.  $x^3 + 3e^x + \ln|x| + C.$
- 1.8.  $\int \frac{1 + \cos^3 x}{\cos^2 x} dx.$  Отг.  $\operatorname{tg} x + \sin x + C.$
- 1.9.  $\int (\operatorname{cotg}^2 x + 2) dx.$  Отг.  $-\operatorname{cotg} x + x + C.$
- 1.10.  $\int \frac{1}{x^2(1+x^2)} dx.$  Отг.  $-\frac{1}{x} - \operatorname{arctg} x + C.$
- 1.11.  $\int \frac{\cos 2x}{\cos^2 x \sin^2 x} dx.$  Отг.  $-\operatorname{cotg} x - \operatorname{tg} x + C.$
- 1.12.  $\int \frac{x^4 + 2x + 4}{(x+2)x^4} dx.$  Отг.  $\ln|x+2| - \frac{2}{3x^3} + C.$
- 1.13.  $\int \frac{x^2 + x + 6}{(x+2)(x^2+4)} dx.$  Отг.  $\ln|x+2| + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x}{2} + C.$
- 1.14.  $\int \frac{(1+x)^2}{x(1+x^2)} dx.$  Отг.  $\ln|x| + 2 \operatorname{arctg} x + C.$
- 1.15.  $\int \left( 2 \cos 5x + e^{7x} - \frac{1}{3x+2} \right) dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{2}{5} \sin 5x + \frac{1}{7} e^{7x} - \frac{1}{3} \ln|3x+2| + C.$
- 1.16.  $\int \left( \sqrt{x+2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{(2x-1)^2}} \right) dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{2}{3}(x+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{5}{6}(2x-1)^{\frac{3}{5}} + C.$

- 1.17.  $\int (\sin 4x + \cos(3x - 5) + e^{-x}) dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $-\frac{1}{4} \cos 4x + \frac{1}{3} \sin(3x - 5) - e^{-x} + C.$
- 1.18.  $\int \left( \frac{1}{\sin^2 x \cdot \cos^2 x} - \frac{1}{1 + 4x^2} \right) dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\operatorname{tg} x - \operatorname{ctg} x - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg} 2x + C.$
- 1.19.  $\int \frac{2x}{x^2 + 1} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\ln(x^2 + 1) + C.$
- 1.20.  $\int \frac{2x}{(x^2 + 1)^4} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $-\frac{1}{3(x^2 + 1)^3} + C.$
- 1.21.  $\int \frac{\cos x}{\sin^5 x} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $-\frac{1}{4 \sin^4 x} + C.$
- 1.22.  $\int e^{2 \sin x} \cos x dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\frac{1}{2} e^{2 \sin x} + C.$
- 1.23.  $\int \frac{\cos x}{1 + 2 \sin x} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\frac{1}{2} \ln |1 + 2 \sin x| + C.$
- 1.24.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{\arctan x}}{x^2 + 1} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\frac{2}{3} (\operatorname{arctg} x)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C.$
- 1.25.  $\int \frac{1}{x(\ln x + 1)} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\ln |\ln |x| + 1| + C.$
- 1.26.  $\int \frac{\sin 2x}{1 + \sin^2 x} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\ln(1 + \sin^2 x) + C.$
- 1.27.  $\int \frac{1}{1 + 3 \operatorname{cotg} x} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $-\frac{1}{3} \ln |1 + 3 \operatorname{cotg} x| + C.$
- 1.28.  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\operatorname{tg} x}}{\cos^2 x} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\frac{3}{4} \operatorname{tg}^{\frac{4}{3}} x + C.$
- 1.29.  $\int \frac{2x + \operatorname{arctg}^2 x}{1 + x^2} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\ln(x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{arctg}^3 x + C.$
- 1.30.  $\int \frac{e^x}{\sqrt{1 - e^{2x}}} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\arcsin e^x + C.$
- 1.31.  $\int \frac{1}{\sin x \cos^2 x} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $\ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right| + \frac{1}{\cos x} + C.$
- 1.32.  $\int \frac{x + \sqrt{\arcsin x}}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $-\sqrt{1 - x^2} + \frac{2}{3} \arcsin^{\frac{3}{2}} x + C.$
- 1.33.  $\int \sin^3 x dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $-\cos x + \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x + C.$
- 1.34.  $\int (\sin^2 x + \cos^2 2x) dx.$  O<sub>TR</sub>.  $x - \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{8} \cos 4x + C.$

1.35. $\int \cos^4 x \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $\frac{3x}{8} + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{32} \sin 4x + C.$
1.36. $\int x e^{3x} \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $\left(-\frac{1}{9} + \frac{x}{3}\right) e^{3x} + C.$
1.37. $\int x \cos 2x \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $\frac{x}{2} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{4} \cos 2x + C.$
1.38. $\int (2x + 1) \sin x \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $-(1 + 2x) \cos x + 2 \sin x + C.$
1.39. $\int x^2 \sin x \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $-x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + C.$
1.40. $\int x^3 \ln x \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $\frac{x^4}{4} \ln  x  - \frac{x^4}{16} + C.$
1.41. $\int \frac{1}{x^3} \ln x \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $-\frac{1}{2x^2} \ln  x  - \frac{1}{4x^2} + C.$
1.42. $\int x \operatorname{arctg} x \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $\frac{x^2}{2} \operatorname{arctg} x + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg} x - \frac{x}{2} + C.$
1.43. $\int \ln(x^2 + 1) \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $x \ln(x^2 + 1) + 2 \operatorname{arctg} x - 2x + C.$
1.44. $\int \operatorname{arctg} x \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $x \operatorname{arctg} x - \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2 + 1) + C.$
1.45. $\int \frac{1}{x^2} \ln(1 + x^2) \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $-\frac{1}{x} \ln(1 + x^2) + 2 \operatorname{arctg} x + C.$
1.46. $\int \frac{x}{\cos^2 x} \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $x \operatorname{tg} x + \ln  \cos x  + C.$
1.47. $\int \frac{\operatorname{arctg} x}{x^2} \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $-\frac{\operatorname{arctg} x}{x} + \ln  x  - \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2 + 1) + C.$
1.48. $\int x \ln \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \ln(x^2 + 1) + C.$
1.49. $\int \frac{x + \sqrt{x+2}}{\sqrt{x+2}} \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $x - 4\sqrt{x+2} + \frac{2}{3}(x+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} + C.$
1.50. $\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + 2}{\sqrt{x+1} - 1} \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $-6 + x + 6\sqrt{x+1} + 6 \ln \left  \sqrt{x+1} - 1 \right  + C.$
1.51. $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - 2x}{\sqrt{x}} \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $\frac{6x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{5} - \frac{4x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + C.$
1.52. $\int \frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}(x+1)} \, dx.$	O <sub>TR</sub> . $2 \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{x} - \ln  1 + x  + C.$

- 1.53.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx.$  Отг.  $6x^{\frac{1}{6}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2\sqrt{x} - 6\ln(1 + x^{\frac{1}{6}}) + C.$
- 1.54.  $\int \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{x} dx.$  Отг.  $-\sqrt{x} + (1 + x) \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{x} + C.$
- 1.55.  $\int \frac{2x + 1}{(x - 2)(x + 4)} dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{5}{6} \ln |x - 2| + \frac{7}{6} \ln |x + 4| + C.$
- 1.56.  $\int \frac{dx}{(x - 2)(x^2 + 1)}.$  Отг.  $-\frac{2}{5} \operatorname{arctg} x + \frac{1}{5} \ln |x - 2| - \frac{1}{10} \ln(x^2 + 1) + C.$
- 1.57.  $\int \frac{4x^2 - 10}{(x - 2)(x^2 - 1)} dx.$  Отг.  $2 \ln |x - 2| + 3 \ln |x - 1| - \ln |x + 1| + C.$
- 1.58.  $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 + 3x}.$  Отг.  $\frac{1}{3} \ln |x| - \frac{1}{6} \ln(x^2 + 3) + C.$
- 1.59.  $\int \frac{2x^2 + x}{(x - 2)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$  Отг.  $\operatorname{arctg} x + 2 \ln |x - 2| + C.$
- 1.60.  $\int \frac{1}{(x + 2)(x + 1)^2} dx.$  Отг.  $-\frac{1}{x + 1} - \ln |x + 1| + \ln |x + 2| + C.$
- 1.61.  $\int \frac{x^2 - 2x + 2}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x} dx.$  Отг.  $\ln |x - 2| - \ln |x - 1| + \ln |x| + C.$

2. Да се пресметнат определените интеграли:

- 2.1.  $\int_{-1}^0 (2x^2 + 3x + 5) \cdot (x^2 - 1) dx.$  Отг.  $-\frac{57}{20}.$
- 2.2.  $\int_1^3 \left( \frac{2}{x^2} - \frac{3}{2x^3} + \frac{3}{2x^4} \right) dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{31}{27}.$
- 2.3.  $\int_1^4 \left( 3\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2}{x^3} + \frac{3}{x^2} \right) dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{243}{16}.$
- 2.4.  $\int_1^4 (3\sqrt{x} - 2x)^2 dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{27}{10}.$
- 2.5.  $\int_0^1 (1 + \sqrt{x})^3 dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{49}{10}.$
- 2.6.  $\int_0^8 \sqrt[3]{7x + 8} dx.$  Отг.  $\frac{180}{7}.$
- 2.7.  $\int_1^5 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2x - 1}} dx.$  Отг.  $2.$

- 2.8.  $\int_{-1}^0 \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{8+7x}} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{9}{7}.$
- 2.9.  $\int_0^3 \sqrt{x+1} dx + \int_{-2}^0 \sqrt{1-4x} dx.$  ОТГ. 9.
- 2.10.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{6}} \left( \frac{1}{\cos^2(x+\frac{\pi}{6})} + \frac{1}{\sin^2(x+\frac{\pi}{6})} \right) dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}.$
- 2.11.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^2 x \sin^2 x dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{\pi}{8}.$
- 2.12.  $\int_0^2 \frac{2x}{(x^2+2)^2} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{1}{3}.$
- 2.13.  $\int_0^4 \frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2+9}} dy.$  ОТГ. 2.
- 2.14.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos x}{1+\sin x} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\ln 2.$
- 2.15.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x \cos^2 x dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{1}{3}.$
- 2.16.  $\int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{ctg} x dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{1}{2} \ln 2.$
- 2.17.  $\int_1^e \frac{1+\ln x}{x} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{3}{2}.$
- 2.18.  $\int_1^{e^3} \frac{1}{x(\ln x+2)} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\ln \frac{5}{2}.$
- 2.19.  $\int_1^{e^3} \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+\ln x}} dx.$  ОТГ. 2.
- 2.20.  $\int_0^1 \frac{(\operatorname{arctg} x)^2}{1+x^2} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{\pi^3}{192}.$
- 2.21.  $\int_0^1 x e^x dx.$  ОТГ. 1.
- 2.22.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x \sin 2x dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{\pi}{4}.$
- 2.23.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (x+1) \cos 2x dx.$  ОТГ.  $-\frac{1}{2}.$

- 2.24.  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (3x + 1) \sin x \, dx.$  ОТГ. 4.
- 2.25.  $\int_0^{\pi} (2x + 1) \cos x \, dx.$  ОТГ.  $-4.$
- 2.26.  $\int_0^1 x e^{-x} \, dx.$  ОТГ.  $1 - \frac{2}{e}.$
- 2.27.  $\int_0^1 (2x + 1) e^x \, dx.$  ОТГ.  $e + 1.$
- 2.28.  $\int_1^e x^2 \ln x \, dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{1}{9}(1 + 2e^3).$
- 2.29.  $\int_1^e \frac{\ln x}{x^2} \, dx.$  ОТГ.  $1 - \frac{2}{e}.$
- 2.30.  $\int_0^1 \operatorname{arctg} x \, dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \ln 2.$
- 2.31.  $\int_0^1 x^2 \operatorname{arctg} x \, dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{1}{12}(-2 + \pi + \ln 4).$
- 2.32.  $\int_0^{\pi} x^3 \sin x \, dx.$  ОТГ.  $\pi^3 - 6\pi.$
- 2.33.  $\int_2^7 \frac{x \, dx}{\sqrt{2+x}}.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{26}{3}.$
- 2.34.  $\int_0^5 \frac{x - \sqrt{x+4}}{\sqrt{x+4}} dx.$  ОТГ.  $-\frac{1}{3}.$
- 2.35.  $\int_3^8 \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + 2}{\sqrt{x+1} - 1} dx.$  ОТГ.  $11 + 6 \ln 2.$
- 2.36.  $\int_1^{64} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - 2}{\sqrt{x}} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{46}{5}.$
- 2.37.  $\int_0^2 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{(x+1)^3}} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\frac{\pi}{6}.$
- 2.38.  $\int_0^{\ln 5} \frac{e^x \sqrt{e^x - 1}}{e^x + 3} dx.$  ОТГ.  $4 - \pi.$
- 2.39.  $\int_0^1 \frac{x - 1}{(x + 2)(x + 1)} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\ln \frac{27}{32}.$
- 2.40.  $\int_0^2 \frac{3x + 1}{(x + 2)(x + 1)} dx.$  ОТГ.  $\ln \frac{32}{9}.$

$$2.41. \int_1^4 \frac{1}{x^3 + 3x} dx. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{64}{19}.$$

$$2.42. \int_3^4 \frac{x^2 - 2x + 2}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x} dx. \quad \text{Отг. } \ln \frac{16}{9}.$$

$$2.43. \int_0^2 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x+1}(x+2)}. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{\pi}{6}.$$

3. Да се намери лицето на фигурата, ограничена от линиите, зададени с уравненията:

$$3.1. y = x^2 + 3, y = 0, x = -1, x = 2. \quad \text{Отг. } 12.$$

$$3.2. y = x^2 - 3x, x + y = 0. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{4}{3}.$$

$$3.3. y = x^2 + 4x, x - y + 4 = 0. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{125}{6}.$$

$$3.4. y = x^2 - 3, y = 6x - x^2 - 7. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{1}{3}.$$

$$3.5. y = 2x^2 + 10, y = 22 - x^2. \quad \text{Отг. } 32.$$

$$3.6. y = x^2, x = y^2. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{1}{3}.$$

$$3.7. 4y = x^2, y^2 = 4x. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{16}{3}.$$

$$3.8. y = xe^{2x}, y = 0, 0 \leq x \leq 1. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{1}{4} (1 + e^2).$$

$$3.9. y = 4x \sin 2x, y = 0, 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}. \quad \text{Отг. } \pi.$$

$$3.10. x^2 + y^2 = 16, y^2 = 6x. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{16\pi}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}; \frac{32\pi}{3} - \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}.$$

$$3.11. y = e^x, y = e^{-x}, x = 1. \quad \text{Отг. } e + e^{-1} - 2.$$

$$3.12. y = \ln x, y = \ln^2 x. \quad \text{Отг. } 3 - e.$$

$$3.13. \begin{cases} x = a(t - \sin t) \\ y = a(1 - \cos t), \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi, a > 0, y = 0. \quad \text{Отг. } 3a^2\pi.$$

$$3.14. \begin{cases} x = 3 \cos t + 5 \sin t \\ y = 5 \cos t - 3 \sin t, \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi. \quad \text{Отг. } 34\pi.$$

$$3.15. \begin{cases} x = a \cos^3 t \\ y = a \sin^3 t, \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi, a > 0. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{3a^2\pi}{8}.$$

$$3.16. \rho = \sin \theta + \cos \theta, -\frac{\pi}{4} \leq \theta \leq \frac{3\pi}{4}. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

$$3.17. \rho = a \sin 3\theta, 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{3}, a > 0. \quad \text{Отг. } \frac{a^2\pi}{12}.$$



4. Да се намери дължината на линията, зададена с уравнения:

- 4.1.  $y = 4x^{\frac{3}{2}}, 0 \leq x \leq \frac{2}{3}$ . Отг.  $\frac{62}{27}$ .
- 4.2.  $y = x^{\frac{3}{2}}, 0 \leq x \leq \frac{20}{3}$ . Отг.  $\frac{56}{3}$ .
- 4.3.  $y = \ln x, \sqrt{3} \leq x \leq \sqrt{8}$ . Отг.  $1 + \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{3}{2}$ .
- 4.4.  $y = \sqrt{e^{2x} - 1} - \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{e^{2x} - 1}, 0 \leq x \leq 1$ . Отг.  $e - 1$ .
- 4.5.  $y = \sqrt{x - x^2} - \arcsin \sqrt{x}, 0 \leq x \leq 1$ . Отг. 2.
- 4.6.  $y = \ln \cos x, 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{3}$ . Отг.  $\ln \left( \operatorname{tg} \frac{5\pi}{12} \right)$ .
- 4.7.  $y = \ln(1 - x^2), 0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2}$ . Отг.  $\ln 3 - \frac{1}{2}$ .
- 4.8.  $\begin{cases} x = 5 + 3 \cos 2t \\ y = 5 + 3 \sin 2t, \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ . Отг.  $3\pi$ .
- 4.9.  $\begin{cases} x = 6 \cos t + 8 \sin t \\ y = 8 \cos t - 6 \sin t, \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \pi$ . Отг.  $10\pi$ .
- 4.10.  $\begin{cases} x = \cos 2t + \sin 2t \\ y = \sin 2t - \cos 2t, \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ . Отг.  $\sqrt{2}\pi$ .
- 4.11.  $\begin{cases} x = \sqrt{5} \sin 3t - 2 \cos 3t \\ y = \sqrt{5} \cos 3t + 2 \sin 3t, \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{3}$ . Отг.  $3\pi$ .
- 4.12.  $\begin{cases} x = 2(t - \sin t) \\ y = 2(1 - \cos t), \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \pi$ . Отг. 8.
- 4.13.  $\begin{cases} x = e^t \cos t \\ y = e^t \sin t, \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq 1$ . Отг.  $\sqrt{2}(e - 1)$ .
- 4.14.  $\begin{cases} x = e^t(\sin t + \cos t) \\ y = e^t(\cos t - \sin t), \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \ln 2$ . Отг. 2.
- 4.15.  $\begin{cases} x = 3(\cos t + t \sin t) \\ y = 3(\sin t - t \cos t), \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \pi$ . Отг.  $\frac{3\pi^2}{2}$ .
- 4.16.  $\begin{cases} x = (t^2 - 2) \sin t + 2t \cos t \\ y = (2 - t^2) \cos t + 2t \sin t, \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \pi$ . Отг.  $\frac{\pi^3}{3}$ .
- 4.17.  $\begin{cases} x = a \cos^3 t \\ y = a \sin^3 t, \end{cases} 0 \leq t \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ . Отг.  $\frac{3a}{2}$ .
- 4.18.  $\rho = a(1 + \cos \theta), 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi, a > 0$ . Отг.  $8a$ .
- 4.19.  $\rho = \sin^3 \frac{\theta}{3}, 0 \leq \theta \leq 3\pi$ . Отг.  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ .

5. Да се намерят частните производни от първи ред на следните функции:

5.1.  $f(x, y) = 5x^3y^3 + 2e^{3y} + 2 \ln 4x$ .

Отг.  $f'_x = 15x^2y^3 + \frac{2}{x}$ ;  $f'_y = 15x^3y^2 + 6e^{3y}$ .

5.2.  $f(x, y) = e^y(2 + x + y^2)$ .

Отг.  $f'_x = e^y$ ;  $f'_y = e^y(2 + x + y^2 + 2y)$ .

5.3.  $f(x, y) = e^{2x}(1 - x^2 - y^2)$ .

Отг.  $f'_x = 2e^{2x}(1 - x^2 - y^2 - x)$ ;  $f'_y = -2ye^{2x}$ .

5.4.  $f(x, y) = \ln(x^2 + y^2) + e^{2x+3y}$ .

Отг.  $f'_x = \frac{2x}{x^2+y^2} + 2e^{2x+3y}$ ;  $f'_y = \frac{2y}{x^2+y^2} + 3e^{2x+3y}$ .

5.5.  $f(x, y) = 2xye^{x+2y}$ .

Отг.  $f'_x = 2ye^{x+2y}(1 + x)$ ;  $f'_y = 2xe^{x+2y}(1 + 2y)$ .

5.6.  $f(x, y) = \frac{2xy}{x^2 + y^2}$ .

Отг.  $f'_x = \frac{2y(y^2-x^2)}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$ ;  $f'_y = \frac{2x(x^2-y^2)}{(x^2+y^2)^2}$ .

5.7.  $f(x, y) = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2})$ .

Отг.  $f'_x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$ ;  $f'_y = \frac{y}{x^2+y^2+x\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$ .

5.8.  $f(x, y) = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x}{y}$ .

Отг.  $f'_x = \frac{y}{x^2+y^2}$ ;  $f'_y = \frac{-x}{x^2+y^2}$ .

5.9.  $f(x, y) = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x+y}{1-xy}$ .

Отг.  $f'_x = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$ ;  $f'_y = \frac{1}{1+y^2}$ .

6. Да се проверят следните равенства:

6.1.  $z'_x + z'_y = 2$ , ако  $z(x, y) = \ln(e^{2x} + e^{2y})$ .

6.2.  $\frac{1}{x} \cdot z'_x + \frac{1}{y} \cdot z'_y = \frac{z}{y^2}$ , ако  $z(x, y) = \frac{y}{x^2 - y^2}$ .

6.3.  $x \cdot z'_x + y \cdot z'_y = z$ , ако  $z(x, y) = x \ln \frac{y}{x}$ .

6.4.  $x \cdot z'_x + y \cdot z'_y = 2xy\sqrt{1-z^2}$ , ако  $z(x, y) = \sin\left(xy + \frac{y}{x}\right)$ .

6.5.  $x \cdot z'_x + y \cdot z'_y = 0$ , ако  $z(x, y) = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x}{y}$ .

7. Да се намерят вторите частни производни на следните функции:

7.1.  $z(x, y) = x^3 + xy^2 - 5xy^3 + y^5$ .

Отг.  $z''_{xx} = 6x$ ;  $z''_{xy} = 2y - 15y^2$ ;  $z''_{yy} = 2x - 30xy + 20y^3$ .

7.2.  $z(x, y) = \ln(x^2 + y^2)$ .

Отг.  $z''_{xx} = \frac{2(y^2 - x^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$ ;  $z''_{xy} = -\frac{4xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$ ;  $z''_{yy} = \frac{2(x^2 - y^2)}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$ .

7.3.  $z(x, y) = xe^{x-2y}$ .

Отг.  $z''_{xx} = (2 + x)e^{x-2y}$ ;  $z''_{xy} = -2(x + 1)e^{x-2y}$ ;  $z''_{yy} = 4xe^{x-2y}$ .

7.4.  $z(x, y) = e^{-3x} + \sin 2y + \ln(x + y)$ .

Отг.  $z''_{xx} = 9e^{-3x} - \frac{1}{(x+y)^2}$ ;  $z''_{xy} = -\frac{1}{(x+y)^2}$ ;  $z''_{yy} = -4 \sin 2y - \frac{1}{(x+y)^2}$ .

8. Да се проверят следните равенства:

8.1.  $3z''_{xx} + z''_{yy} + z''_{xy} = 2x$ , ако  $z(x, y) = 3xy^2 - 2x^2y + y^3$ .

8.2.  $yz'_x + xz'_y - z''_{xy} = 0$ , ако  $z(x, y) = e^{x^2+y^2}$ .

8.3.  $z''_{xy} - 2yz'_x = 0$ , ако  $z(x, y) = 2xe^{y^2-x^2}$ .

8.4.  $z''_{yy} = 4z''_{xx}$ , ако  $z(x, y) = \sin(x - 2y) + \cos(x + 2y)$ .

8.5.  $4z''_{yy} = 9z''_{xx}$ , ако  $z(x, y) = e^{2x-3y} + e^{2x+3y}$ .

8.6.  $z''_{xx} + z''_{yy} = 0$ , ако  $z(x, y) = \ln \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$ .

8.7.  $xz''_{xx} + yz''_{xy} = 0$ , ако  $z(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + 2xy}$ .

8.8.  $z''_{xx} + z''_{yy} = 0$ , ако  $z(x, y) = \operatorname{arctg} \frac{y}{x}$ .

9. Да се намерят локалните екстремуми на следните функции:

9.1.  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 2y + 1$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(2, 1) = -4$ .

9.2.  $f(x, y) = 6(x - y) - x^2 - y^2$ . Отг.  $z_{\max}(3, -3) = 18$ .

9.3.  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 + xy + x + y$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}\right) = -\frac{1}{3}$ .

9.4.  $f(x, y) = x^2 + xy + y^2 - 6x - 9y$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(1, 4) = -21$ .

9.5.  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^3 - 4x - 12y + 1$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(2, 2) = -19$ .

9.6.  $f(x, y) = x^3 - \frac{3}{2}y^2 - 12x + 12y + 30$ . Отг.  $z_{\max}(-2, 4) = 70$ .

- 9.7.  $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^3 - 2x - 3y + 1$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(1, 1) = -2$ .
- 9.8.  $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^2 - 6xy - 39x + 18y$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(5, 6) = -106$ .
- 9.9.  $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 6xy$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(2, 2) = -8$ .
- 9.10.  $f(x, y) = x^3 + 8y^3 - 6xy + 3$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(1, \frac{1}{2}) = 2$ .
- 9.11.  $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^3 - 3x - 3y$ . Отг.  $z_{\max}(-1, -1) = 4, z_{\min}(1, 1) = -4$ .
- 9.12.  $f(x, y) = e^x(x^2 + y^2 - 3)$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(1, 0) = -2e$ .
- 9.13.  $f(x, y) = e^{2x}(x + y^2 + 2y)$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(\frac{1}{2}, -1) = -\frac{e}{2}$ .
- 9.14.  $f(x, y) = e^y(y + x^3 - 3x)$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(1, 1) = -e$ .
- 9.15.  $f(x, y) = e^{x-y}(x^2 - 2y^2)$ . Отг.  $z_{\min}(-4, -2) = \frac{8}{e^2}$ .

10. Решете дифференциалните уравнения с отделящи се променливи:

- 10.1.  $3x^2 dx + (2y + 1)dy = 0$ . Отг.  $x^3 + y^2 + y = c$ .
- 10.2.  $x(1 + y^2)dx + y(1 + x^2)dy = 0$ . Отг.  $(1 + x^2)(1 + y^2) = c$ .
- 10.3.  $3x^2(y + 1)dx - (x^3 + 1)dy = 0$ . Отг.  $\frac{x^3+1}{y+1} = c$ .
- 10.4.  $(x + 1)ydx + (1 - y)x dy = 0$ . Отг.  $\ln |xy| + x - y = c$ .
- 10.5.  $\sqrt{1 - y^2}dx + y\sqrt{1 - x^2}dy = 0$ . Отг.  $\arcsin x - \sqrt{1 - y^2} = c$ .
- 10.6.  $ye^{2x}dx - (1 + e^{2x})dy = 0$ . Отг.  $y = c\sqrt{1 + e^{2x}}$ .
- 10.7.  $x(1 + y^2)dx + \sqrt{1 + x^2}dy = 0$ . Отг.  $\sqrt{1 + x^2} + \arctg y = c$ .
- 10.8.  $\sqrt{y^2 + 1}dx - xydy = 0$ . Отг.  $\ln |x| - \sqrt{y^2 + 1} = c$ .
- 10.9.  $\frac{\operatorname{tg} y}{\cos^2 x}dx + \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{\cos^2 y}dy = 0$ . Отг.  $\operatorname{tg} x \operatorname{tg} y = c$ .
- 10.10.  $(1 + x^2)y^3 dx - (y^2 - 1)x^3 dy = 0, y(1) = -1$ . Отг.  $\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2} = 2 \left(1 + \ln \left| \frac{x}{y} \right| \right)$ .
- 10.11.  $y' = \frac{1 - 2x}{y^2}$ . Отг.  $y^3 = 3(x - x^2 + c)$ .
- 10.12.  $y'\sqrt{1 - x^2} = 1 + y^2$ . Отг.  $\arctg y = \arcsin x + C$ .
- 10.13.  $y' \sin x = y \ln y$ . Отг.  $y = e^{c \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2}}$ .
- 10.14.  $y'y^3 = 1 - 2x$ . Отг.  $y^4 = 4(x - x^2 + c)$ .
- 10.15.  $y' = \frac{y^2 + y}{x - x^2}$ . Отг.  $y(1 - x) = cx(1 + y)$ .
- 10.16.  $xy' + y = y^2, y(1) = \frac{1}{2}$ . Отг.  $y = \frac{1}{1+x}$ .

$$10.17. \quad x^2(2yy' - 1) = 1. \quad \text{Отг. } x(y^2 + c) = x^2 - 1.$$

$$10.18. \quad 2(1 + e^x)yy' = e^x, \quad y(0) = 0. \quad \text{Отг. } 2e^{y^2} = e^x + 1.$$

11. Решете хомогенните диференциални уравнения от първи ред:

$$11.1. \quad xy' = y \ln \frac{y}{x}. \quad \text{Отг. } y = xe^{cx+1}.$$

$$11.2. \quad y' = \frac{y}{x} \left(1 - \ln \frac{y}{x}\right). \quad \text{Отг. } y = xe^{\frac{c}{x}}.$$

$$11.3. \quad y' = e^{\frac{y}{x}} + \frac{y}{x}. \quad \text{Отг. } \ln |x| + e^{-\frac{y}{x}} = c.$$

$$11.4. \quad y' \left(1 - \frac{y}{x}\right) + \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^2 = 0. \quad \text{Отг. } \ln y = \frac{y}{x} + c, \quad y = 0.$$

$$11.5. \quad y' = \sin \frac{y}{x} + \frac{y}{x}. \quad \text{Отг. } \operatorname{tg} \frac{y}{2x} = cx, \quad y = 0.$$

$$11.6. \quad y' = \frac{x + y}{x - y}. \quad \text{Отг. } \operatorname{arctg} \frac{y}{x} = \ln \left| c\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \right|.$$

$$11.7. \quad (xy' - y) \operatorname{arctg} \frac{y}{x} = x, \quad y(1) = 0. \quad \text{Отг. } \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} = e^{\frac{y}{x} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{y}{x}}.$$

$$11.8. \quad (x^2 + y^2) y' = 2xy. \quad \text{Отг. } y^2 - x^2 = cy, \quad y = 0.$$

$$11.9. \quad (y - xy') \cos \frac{y}{x} = x. \quad \text{Отг. } \sin \frac{y}{x} + \ln |x| = c.$$

12. Решете линейните диференциални уравнения от първи ред:

$$12.1. \quad y' + \frac{3}{x}y = x^2. \quad \text{Отг. } y = \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{c}{x^3}.$$

$$12.2. \quad y' - \frac{3}{x}y = x^2. \quad \text{Отг. } y = cx^3 + x^3 \ln |x|.$$

$$12.3. \quad y' = x^2 - \frac{y}{x}. \quad \text{Отг. } y = \frac{x^3}{4} + \frac{c}{x}.$$

$$12.4. \quad y' + y = e^{-x}. \quad \text{Отг. } y = (x + c)e^{-x}.$$

$$12.5. \quad y' + 2y \operatorname{tg} x = \cos^2 x. \quad \text{Отг. } y = \cos^2 x (c + x).$$

$$12.6. \quad y' + y \operatorname{tg} x = \frac{1}{\cos x}. \quad \text{Отг. } y = \sin x + c \cos x.$$

$$12.7. \quad y' - 2\cotgx y = \sin^3 x. \quad \text{Отг. } y = \sin^2 x (c - \cos x).$$

$$12.8. \quad y' - y \cotgx = \sin x. \quad \text{Отг. } y = \sin x (c + x).$$

$$12.9. \quad y' - 2xy = (x^3 - x) e^{x^2}. \quad \text{Отг. } y = e^{x^2} \left( c + \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^2}{2} \right).$$

- 12.10.  $y' - 3x^2y = x^2e^{x^3}, y(0) = 2.$  Отг.  $y = e^{x^3} \left( 2 + \frac{x^3}{3} \right).$
- 12.11.  $y' + 2xy = 2x^2e^{-x}.$  Отг.  $y = e^{-x^2} \left( c + \frac{2x^3}{3} \right).$
- 12.12.  $(1 + x^2)y' = 2xy + (1 + x^2)^2.$  Отг.  $y = (1 + x^2)(x + c).$
- 12.13.  $xy' + y - e^x = 0.$  Отг.  $y = \frac{1}{x} (c + e^x).$
- 12.14.  $y' + \frac{1 - 2x}{x^2} y = 1.$  Отг.  $y = cx^2e^{\frac{1}{x}} + x^2.$
- 12.15.  $y' + \frac{x + 1}{x} y = 3xe^{-x}.$  Отг.  $y = \frac{c + x^3}{xe^x}.$
- 12.16.  $y' - \frac{2y}{x + 1} = (x + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}}.$  Отг.  $y = (x + 1)^2 \left( c + \frac{2(x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} \right).$
- 12.17.  $y' + 2y = 4x.$  Отг.  $y = 2x - 1 + ce^{-2x}.$
- 12.18.  $y' + 3y = 6x.$  Отг.  $y = 2x - \frac{2}{3} + ce^{-3x}.$
- 12.19.  $xy' - \frac{y}{x + 1} = x, y(1) = 0.$  Отг.  $y = \frac{x}{x+1} (x + \ln|x| - 1).$
- 12.20.  $xy' + y = x + 1, y(2) = 3.$  Отг.  $y = \frac{2}{x} + \frac{x}{2} + 1.$
- 12.21.  $y = x(y' - x \cos x).$  Отг.  $y = x(c + \sin x).$
- 12.22.  $y' = \cos x - y.$  Отг.  $y = ce^{-x} + \frac{1}{2}(\sin x + \cos x).$
- 12.23.  $y' + y \cos x = \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x.$  Отг.  $y = \sin x - 1 + ce^{-\sin x}.$
- 12.24.  $y' = \frac{y}{3x - y^2}.$  Отг.  $x = cy^3 + y^2.$
- 12.25.  $y' = \frac{y}{4x + 2y}.$  Отг.  $x = cy^4 - \frac{2}{3}y.$
- 12.26.  $y' = \frac{1}{2x - y^2}.$  Отг.  $x = ce^{2y} + \frac{1}{2}y^2 + \frac{1}{2}y + \frac{1}{4}.$
- 12.27.  $y'(x + y^2) = -1.$  Отг.  $x = ce^{-y} + 2y - y^2 - 2.$
- 12.28.  $y' = \frac{y}{2y \ln y + y - x}.$  Отг.  $x = \frac{c}{y} + y \ln y.$

13. Решете дифференциалните уравнения на Бернули:

- 13.1.  $y' = y \operatorname{tg} x + y^4 \cos x.$  Отг.  $y = [\cos^3 x (c - 3 \operatorname{tg} x)]^{-\frac{1}{3}}.$
- 13.2.  $y' = y \operatorname{cotg} x + \frac{y^3}{\sin x}.$  Отг.  $y = \frac{\sin x}{\sqrt{c + 2 \cos x}}.$

- 13.3.  $y'x + y = y^2 \ln x$ . Отг.  $y = (cx + \ln|x| + 1)^{-1}$ .
- 13.4.  $y' + xy = x^3y^3$ . Отг.  $y = (ce^{x^2} + x^2 + 1)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$ .
- 13.5.  $y' - \frac{y}{x} = \frac{x}{y^2}$ . Отг.  $y = \sqrt[3]{cx^3 - 3x^2}$ .
- 13.6.  $xy' - 4y = x^2\sqrt{y}$ . Отг.  $y = x^4 \left(c + \frac{1}{2} \ln|x|\right)^2$ .
- 13.7.  $y' + y = x\sqrt{y}$ . Отг.  $y = \left(ce^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} + x - 2\right)^2$ .
- 13.8.  $y' + 4xy = 2xe^{-x^2}\sqrt{y}$ . Отг.  $y = e^{-2x^2} \left(c + \frac{x^2}{2}\right)^2$ .

14. Решете тоталните диференциални уравнения:

- 14.1.  $(9x - 10y) dx + (3y - 10x) dy = 0$ . Отг.  $\frac{9x^2}{2} - 10xy + \frac{3y^2}{2} = c$ .
- 14.2.  $(3x^2 + 3y) dx + (3x + y) dy = 0$ . Отг.  $x^3 + 3xy + \frac{y^2}{2} = c$ .
- 14.3.  $(3x^2y + 3xy^2 + 2) dx + (x^3 + 3x^2y) dy = 0$ . Отг.  $x^3y + \frac{3}{2}x^2y^2 + 2x = c$ .
- 14.4.  $e^y dx + (xe^y - 2y) dy = 0$ . Отг.  $xe^y - y^2 = c$ .
- 14.5.  $(3y - \cos y) dx + (3x + x \sin y) dy = 0$ . Отг.  $3xy - x \cos y = c$ .
- 14.6.  $(2xy + 2 \sin y) dx + (x^2 + 2x \cos y) dy = 0$ . Отг.  $x^2y + 2x \sin y = c$ .
- 14.7.  $(ye^x - 3x) dx + e^x dy = 0$ . Отг.  $ye^x - \frac{3x^2}{2} = c$ .
- 14.8.  $\left(\frac{1}{x^2} - y\right) dx + (y - x) dy = 0$ . Отг.  $xy^2 - 2x^2y - 2 = cx$ .
- 14.9.  $\left(2x - 1 - \frac{y}{x^2}\right) dx + \left(\frac{1}{x} - 2y\right) dy = 0$ . Отг.  $x^2 - x + \frac{y}{x} - y^2 = c$ .
- 14.10.  $2x \cos^2 y dx + (2y - x^2 \sin 2y) dy = 0$ . Отг.  $x^2 \cos^2 y + y^2 = c$ .
- 14.11.  $\frac{x dx + y dy}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} = \frac{y dx - x dy}{x^2}$ . Отг.  $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + \frac{y}{x} = c$ .

15. Решете диференциалните уравнения от втори ред:

- 15.1.  $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 2e^{3x}$ . Отг.  $y = c_1e^x + c_2e^{2x} + e^{3x}$ .
- 15.2.  $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 4e^x$ . Отг.  $y = c_1e^x + c_2e^{2x} - 4xe^x$ .
- 15.3.  $y'' - 2y' + y = (x + 1)e^{-2x}$ . Отг.  $y = c_1e^x + c_2xe^x + \left(\frac{1}{9}x + \frac{5}{27}\right)e^{-2x}$ .
- 15.4.  $y'' - y = xe^x$ . Отг.  $y = c_1e^x + c_2e^{-x} + \frac{1}{4}(x^2 - x)e^x$ .

- 15.5.  $y'' + y' = e^{2x}$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 + c_2 e^{-x} + \frac{1}{6} e^{2x}$ .
- 15.6.  $y'' + 2y' + y = 2 \sin x$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 e^{-x} + c_2 x e^{-x} - \cos x$ .
- 15.7.  $y'' + 4y = 2 \sin 2x$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 \cos 2x + c_2 \sin 2x - \frac{x}{2} \cos 2x$ .
- 15.8.  $y'' - 4y' + 4y = x^2 + 1$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 x e^{2x} + \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{5}{8}$ .
- 15.9.  $y'' - 4y' + 4y = 13 \cos 3x$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 x e^{2x} - \frac{5}{13} \cos 3x - \frac{12}{13} \sin 3x$ .
- 15.10.  $y'' + y = 2x^3 - x + 2$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 \cos x + c_2 \sin x + 2x^3 - 13x + 2$ .
- 15.11.  $y'' + y = \cos x - 2e^{-x}$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 \cos x + c_2 \sin x + \frac{x}{2} \sin x - e^{-x}$ .
- 15.12.  $y'' + y = \cos 2x - e^{2x}$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 \cos x + c_2 \sin x - \frac{1}{3} \cos 2x - \frac{1}{5} e^{2x}$ .
- 15.13.  $y'' - y' - 6y = (2 - x) e^{3x}$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 e^{-2x} + c_2 e^{3x} + (-\frac{1}{10} x^2 + \frac{11}{25} x) e^{3x}$ .
- 15.14.  $y'' - y' = x^2 + 2x - 5$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 + c_2 e^x + x \left( -\frac{x^2}{3} - 2x + 1 \right)$ .
- 15.15.  $y'' - 4y' + 3y = x^2 e^{2x}$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{3x} - (x^2 + 2) e^{2x}$ .
- 15.16.  $y'' - 6y' + 5y = x^2 e^x$ . Отг.  $y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{5x} - x \left( \frac{1}{12} x^2 + \frac{1}{16} x + \frac{1}{32} \right) e^x$ .

16. Изследвайте за сходимост числовите редове:

- 16.1.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{2^n}$ . Отг. Сходящ.
- 16.2.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)}{3^n}$ . Отг. Сходящ.
- 16.3.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{3^n}$ . Отг. Сходящ.
- 16.4.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{n!}$ . Отг. Сходящ.
- 16.5.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n^2 + 1}$ . Отг. Разходящ.
- 16.6.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{n+1}{n}\right)^{n^2}}{3^n}$ . Отг. Сходящ.
- 16.7.  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{n}{2^n}$ . Отг. Сходящ.
- 16.8.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{6^n}$ . Отг. Разходящ.
- 16.9.  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{3^n \cdot n!}{n^n}$ . Отг. Разходящ.
- 16.10.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n}{2^n}$ . Отг. Сходящ.
- 16.11.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{n}{n^2 + 1}$ . Отг. Сходящ.
- 16.12.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^3}$ . Отг. Сходящ.
- 16.13.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-3)^n (n+1)$ . Отг. Разходящ.